

Abstract Submitted  
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**Stability effects of a base cavity on the wake of axisymmetric bluff bodies**<sup>1</sup> ENRIQUE SANMIGUEL-ROJAS, PATRICIO BOHORQUEZ, JOSÉ IGNACIO JIMÉNEZ-GONZÁLEZ, CARLOS MARTÍNEZ-BAZÁN, University of Jaen (Spain) — We extend our previous research on the instability properties of the laminar incompressible flow around a cylindrical body with a rounded nose and length-to-diameter ratio  $L/D = 2$ , at zero angle of attack, by analyzing the effects of a cylindrical base cavity of length  $h$  and diameter  $D_c$ . We combine experiments, three-dimensional direct numerical simulations and a global linear stability analysis. The direct numerical simulations and the global stability results accurately predict the stabilizing effect of the cavity on the stationary, three-dimensional bifurcation in the wake as  $h/D$  increases. In fact, it is shown that, for a given value of  $D_c/D$ , the critical Reynolds number for the steady bifurcation,  $Re_{cs}$ , increases monotonically as  $h/D$  increases, reaching an asymptotic value, that depends on  $D_c/D$ , at  $h/D \approx 0.7$ . On the other hand, for a fixed value of  $h/D$ ,  $Re_{cs}$  exhibits a maximum at  $D_c/D \approx 0.8$ . Similar behavior has been observed experimentally and numerically for the second, oscillatory bifurcation, and its associated critical Reynolds number,  $Re_{co}$ .

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