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Vortex methods with immersed lifting lines applied to LES of wind turbine wakes PHILIPPE CHATELAIN, LAURENT BRICTEUX, GREGOIRE WINCKELMANS, Universite catholique de Louvain (UCL) - Institute of Mechanics, Materials and Civil Engineering (iMMC), PETROS KOUMOUTSAKOS, Chair of Computational Science - ETH Zurich — We present the coupling of a vortex particle-mesh method with immersed lifting lines. The method relies on the Lagrangian discretization of the Navier-Stokes equations in vorticity-velocity formulation. Advection is handled by the particles while the mesh allows the evaluation of the differential operators and the use of fast Poisson solvers. We use a Fourier-based fast Poisson solver which simultaneously allows unbounded directions and inlet/outlet boundaries. A lifting line approach models the vorticity sources in the flow. Its immersed treatment efficiently captures the development of vorticity from thin sheets into a three-dimensional field. We apply this approach to the simulation of a wind turbine wake at very high Reynolds number. The combined use of particles and multiscale subgrid models allows the capture of wake dynamics with minimal spurious diffusion and dispersion.

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