

Abstract Submitted
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An Expression for the Gas Mass Flow Rate through a Tube from Free-Molecular to Continuum Conditions J.R. TORCZYNSKI, M.A. GAL-
LIS, Sandia National Laboratories — An expression for the steady isothermal gas
mass flow rate through a long thin tube from free-molecular to continuum conditions
with arbitrary accommodation is developed. This expression is based on the Navier-
Stokes equations and a slip boundary condition developed with the philosophy that
the mass flow rate is more important than the velocity field. Its form permits
integration along the tube to obtain a closed-form expression. This expression con-
tains three coefficients. The first and the second are known from free-molecular and
near-continuum flow. The third is determined from Direct Simulation Monte Carlo
(DSMC) simulations for flows in the transitional regime. A similar expression is
developed for rectangular channels. These expressions agree well with recent exper-
iments measuring mass flow rates through microscale tubes and channels. Sandia
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J.R. Torczynski
Sandia National Laboratories

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