

Abstract Submitted
for the DFD20 Meeting of
The American Physical Society

Magnetic control of breakup of ferrofluid droplets in simple shear flows MD RIFAT HASSAN, CHENG WANG, Missouri University of Science Technology — Dispersion of droplets is prevalent in a number of industrial applications that utilize highly concentrated emulsions where the morphology of droplets plays a vital role in determining the physical and rheological properties of emulsions. Here, we use numerical simulations to analyze the breakup phenomenon of a ferrofluid droplet under uniform magnetic fields in the Stokes flow limit ($Re \leq 0.03$). Our numerical results demonstrate that application of a uniform magnetic field along $\alpha = 45^\circ$ and 90° promotes breakup in a ferrofluid droplet at low capillary numbers where the droplet does not typically experience breakup in a shear flow alone. In contrast, implementation of magnetic field along $\alpha = 0^\circ$ and 135° suppresses breakup. A critical magnetic Bond number Bo_{cr} prevails below which no breakup phenomenon is observed, which also depends on the magnetic field directions and decreases for more viscous droplets. Moreover, large number of satellite droplets are observed at higher magnitudes of magnetic field strengths and viscosity ratios.

Md Rifat Hassan
Missouri University of Science
Technology

Date submitted: 30 Jul 2020

Electronic form version 1.4