

Abstract Submitted
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Finite amplitude, axisymmetric, capillary waves in a cylindrical container¹ LOHIT KAYAL, SASWATA BASAK, RATUL DASGUPTA, Indian Institute of Technology Bombay — We obtain the solution to the initial value problem for a surface perturbation on a deep pool of liquid contained in a cylindrical container. The solution is formulated as a perturbative expansion upto third order in the wave steepness parameter $\alpha_0 k$. The initial surface perturbation is chosen to be an axisymmetric Bessel function i.e. $(r, 0) = \alpha_0 J_0(kr)$ with k sufficiently large for gravity to be negligible. We solve the nonlinear initial-value problem under the inviscid, irrotational approximation using the Lindstedt-Poincare technique and the Dini series, solving the resultant equations upto $O(\alpha_0^3)$, accounting for surface tension. The resultant expression for the time evolution of the interface (r, t) is compared against numerical solutions to the incompressible Euler equation. We compare these results to those obtained recently from a second order expansion, where both capillary and gravity effects are taken into account (Basak, Farsoiya and Dasgupta, 2020, under review; <https://gfma.org/meetings/dfd-2019/5d764521199e4c429a9b2bd>). The differences between the finite amplitude capillary wave and the capillary-gravity wave will be highlighted.

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