

Abstract Submitted  
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**A search for double beta decays of  $^{136}\text{Xe}$  to the excited state of  $^{136}\text{Ba}$  with EXO-200** SERERES JOHNSTON, UMass, EXO-200 COLLABORATION — EXO-200 is one of the most sensitive searches for neutrinoless double beta decay of  $^{136}\text{Xe}$  in the world. The experiment uses 110 kg of active enriched liquid xenon in an ultralow background time projection chamber installed at the Waste Isolation Pilot Plant, a salt mine with a 1600 m water equivalent overburden. This detector has demonstrated excellent energy resolution and background rejection capabilities. While the experiment is designed to search for the double beta decays of  $^{136}\text{Xe}$  to the ground state of  $^{136}\text{Ba}$ , transitions to the excited states of  $^{136}\text{Ba}$  are also plausible. The  $\beta\beta 2\nu$  decay to the first  $0^+$  excited state of the daughter nuclei has been observed for  $^{100}\text{Mo}$  and  $^{150}\text{Nd}$ ; this particular transition for  $^{136}\text{Xe}$  has a theoretical lifetime on the order of  $10^{25}$  year, which is right around the sensitivity of EXO-200. We present the results from the search of double beta decays to the excited state using two years of EXO-200 data.

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