

Abstract Submitted  
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**Polarized  $^3\text{He}$  Neutron Spin Filter for Parity-Odd Asymmetry Measurement on 0.88-eV p-Wave Resonance of  $^{81}\text{Br}$** <sup>1</sup> CLAYTON AUTON, WILLIAM SNOW, JOHNATHAN CUROLE, HAO LU, BEN SHORT, Indiana University Bloomington, SEPPO PENTTILA, PETER JIANG, Oak Ridge National Laboratory, NOPTREX COLLABORATION — The Neutron Optics Time Reversal Experiment (NOPTREX) collaboration plans to conduct a sensitive search for time reversal invariance violation in polarized neutron transmission through polarized nuclei by taking advantage of the very large amplification of symmetry-violating effects in p-wave resonances of certain heavy nuclei. As a step toward this experiment we are remeasuring parity violation in selected nuclei to greater precision at LANSCE. One such candidate is  $^{81}\text{Br}$  with a longitudinal asymmetry of  $A = 0.024 \pm 0.004$  at the 0.88-eV resonance. We aim to measure this asymmetry to 5% accuracy. This requires an intense source of polarized neutrons at eV energies. We plan to use a polarized  $^3\text{He}$  neutron spin filter based on the very large spin dependent neutron absorption cross-section of neutrons on  $^3\text{He}$ . In the  $^3\text{He}$  system under construction at Indiana University,  $^3\text{He}$  gas is polarized by spin-exchange optical pumping (SEOP). Key components include a  $\mu$ -metal shielded solenoid and  $^3\text{He}$  gas cell both generously provided by ORNL. This talk will describe the proposed  $^{81}\text{Br}$  experiment, motivation for choice of  $^3\text{He}$  SEOP for NOPTREX, and projected performance of the  $^3\text{He}$  spin filter.

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Clayton Auton  
Indiana University Bloomington

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