

Abstract Submitted  
for the DPP10 Meeting of  
The American Physical Society

**Plasma Properties in the Pegasus Edge Region**<sup>1</sup> E.T. HINSON, M.W. BONGARD, R.J. FONCK, B.A. KUJAK-FORD, G.R. WINZ, University of Wisconsin-Madison — The plasma edge region in the PEGASUS ST exhibits: peeling modes at high  $j_{\parallel}/B$ ; broadband electrostatic turbulence; and strong deformation due to large-scale internal tearing modes. In addition, local helicity injection sources in the edge give rise to large current densities in the plasma scrapeoff, and potentially to a large non-axisymmetric edge current distribution. To address these issues, electrostatic and magnetic probes are deployed to measure the edge characteristics. A pair of scanning Langmuir probes measure edge  $n_e$ ,  $T_e$ , and  $p_e$  in ohmic discharges. For an ohmically driven plasma with  $I_p = 125$  kA,  $B_T = 0.15$  T, time-average profiles indicate  $n_e = 9$  eV,  $T_e = 7 \times 10^{18} \text{ m}^{-3}$  at the radial location of the plasma limiter. A new 3-axis magnetic probe array is under consideration to measure  $j_{\parallel}/B$  in the edge of ohmic and helicity-driven discharges. This  $j_{\parallel}(R, t)$  is of special interest for quantifying helicity-driven Taylor relaxation states.

<sup>1</sup>Work supported by US DOE Grant DE-FG02-96ER54375.

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Date submitted: 16 Jul 2010

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