

Abstract Submitted  
for the DPP20 Meeting of  
The American Physical Society

**Fast, parallel, high-order simulation of the extended magneto-hydrodynamic model**<sup>1</sup> BEN SOUTHWORTH, University of Colorado, MILAN HOLEC, CHRIS VOGL, ILON JOSEPH, Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory, TOM MANTEUFFEL, University of Colorado — This project develops fast, parallel numerical methods to resolve Kelvin-Helmholtz and drift-wave instabilities with high-order (HO) accuracy in space and time. A drift-reduced extended magnetohydrodynamic (XMHD) model is used to describe the effects of macroscopic transport phenomena in plasma at the edge of a confinement device, which we then solve using high-order (HO) approximations, including HO curvilinear meshes discretized with HO finite elements and HO time integration schemes. HO methods offer unmatched resolution of the stiff nonlinear behavior of edge plasma and drift instabilities, but introduce numerous difficulties in solving the resulting equations. Here, we present a broad framework for the parallel numerical solution of HO XMHD models. The spatial problem is discretized using HO finite elements in the MFEM library, yielding a semidiscrete set of differential algebraic equations in time. For each time step, we apply a new framework for the fast parallel solution of fully implicit Runge-Kutta methods, coupled with an Anderson-accelerated nonlinear iteration. Each inner linear iteration is then solved implicitly using block preconditioning techniques, and a new nonsymmetric algebraic multigrid method called AIR is applied to the highly advective variables.

<sup>1</sup>This work was performed for US DOE under Contract DE-AC52-07NA27344 and was supported by LLNL Laboratory Directed Research and Development project 20-ER-038.

Ben Southworth  
University of Colorado

Date submitted: 29 Jun 2020

Electronic form version 1.4