

Abstract Submitted  
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**Hydrocarbons Global Model Using MATLAB<sup>1</sup>** ROBERT L. BATES,  
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University of Texas at Dallas — We are developing a Global Model written in MAT-  
LAB which utilizes a built in nonlinear numeric solver (FSOLVE) to estimate the  
densities of the various (dominant) species and the electron temperature as a function  
of power. We are comparing our output to the published model results of Kokkoris  
et al. in *c*-C<sub>4</sub>F<sub>8</sub> and SF<sub>6</sub> for validation [1,2]. The purpose is to allow us to develop  
a global model of discharge chemistry in hydrocarbon plasmas. As a result, we are  
also acquiring a rate constant set for Methanol (CH<sub>3</sub>OH) and Ethanol (C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>OH)  
discharges. These models are desired for comparison to both deep silicon etch stud-  
ies and to studies of misty plasmas (wherein liquid droplets of various solvents are  
injected into low pressure plasmas). Discussion of the model results for *c*-C<sub>4</sub>F<sub>8</sub>, SF<sub>6</sub>  
and CH<sub>3</sub>OH will be presented. We expect to compare to FTIR measurements made  
in the mGEC reactor. We will also include discussion of computational techniques  
discovered during the development of the model.

[1] G. Kokkoris, et al., 2008, J. Phys D, 42, 055209.

[2] G. Kokkoris, et al., 2008, J. Phys D, 41, 195211.

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