

Abstract Submitted  
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**Charged-current reactions in the supernova neutrino-sphere<sup>1</sup>**

JEREMY HOLT, ERMAL RRAPAJ, Univ of Washington, ALEXANDER BARTL, Technical University of Darmstadt, SANJAY REDDY, Institute for Nuclear Theory, ACHIM SCHWENK, Technical University of Darmstadt — We compute neutrino absorption rates due to charged-current reactions  $\nu_e + n \rightarrow e^- + p$  and  $\bar{\nu}_e + p \rightarrow e^+ + n$  in the outer regions of a newly born neutron star called the neutrino-sphere. Using realistic nucleon-nucleon potentials that fit measured scattering phase shifts, we calculate the momentum-, density- and temperature-dependent nucleon self-energies in the Hartree-Fock approximation, which leads to an enhancement of the  $\nu_e$  cross-section and a suppression of the  $\bar{\nu}_e$  cross section. A potential based on chiral effective field theory and a pseudo-potential constructed to reproduce nucleon-nucleon phase shifts are employed. The effect of Hartree-Fock corrections to the nucleon self-energies on the equilibrium proton/electron fraction, and on the charged current rates is studied in detail. We find that for typical ambient conditions in the neutrino-sphere ( $T = 5 - 10$  MeV and  $\rho = 10^{11} - 10^{13}$  g/cm<sup>3</sup>) the difference between the  $\nu_e$  and  $\bar{\nu}_e$  absorption rates are not as large as in previous calculations. Our results have implications for heavy element nucleosynthesis in supernovae and supernova neutrino detection.

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