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Probing Spin-Polarized Tunneling at High Bias with a Magnetic Tunnel Transistor B.G. PARK, T. BANERJEE, B.C. MIN, J.C. LODDER, R. JANSEN, MESA+ Institute for Nanotechnology, University of Twente, The Netherlands — The Magnetic Tunnel Transistor (MTT) is a three terminal hybrid device that consists of a tunnel emitter, a ferromagnetic (FM) base and a semiconductor collector. Since the magnetocurrent (MC) depends on the tunneling spin polarization, the MTT can be used to study the spin-polarization of ferromagnetic/insulator interfaces at high bias voltage. Using a standard photolithography process we have fabricated MTT's with the configuration Si/Au/Co/Al₂O₃/NiFe. We obtain a MC of 82% at room temperature. This corresponds to a tunnel spin polarization of the NiFe/Al₂O₃ emitter interface of 29%, demonstrating that the tunnel current is still spin-polarized at a high bias voltage of -900mV. The MC increases to 104% at 100K, corresponding to a tunnel polarization of 34% at -900mV. Tunnel spin polarization of other FM/insulator combinations using the MTT has been examined. Inserting SiO₂ at the interface between the FM emitter and Al₂O₃ causes the MC to almost disappear, thus indicating that the tunnel spin polarization of NiFe is drastically reduced in contact with SiO₂.

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