

Abstract Submitted  
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**Crystal Structure, Magnetism, and Infrared Reflectivity of Double Perovskites  $\text{Sr}_2\text{BUO}_6$  and  $\text{Sr}_2\text{BUO}_{6-d}$ ,  $\text{B}=\text{Mn, Fe, Co, Ni, Zn}$**  R.M. PINACCA, M. DEL C. VIOLA, J.C. PEDREGOSA, FQBF, UNSL, San Luis, Argentina, R.E. CARBONIO, INFIQC, UNC, Córdoba, Argentina, M.J. MARTINEZ-LOPE, J.A. ALONSO, ICMM, CSIC, Cantoblanco, Madrid, Spain, F.P. DE LA CRUZ, N.E. MASSA, LANAIS EFO-CEQUINOR, U.N.L.P., C. C. 962, (1900) La Plata, Argentina — Double perovskites  $\text{Sr}_2\text{BUO}_6$  where  $\text{B}'=\text{Mn, Fe, Co, Ni, Zn}$  have been prepared as a polycrystalline powder by solid-state reaction. and studied by X-ray diffraction and magnetic measurements. At 300K, they present the same monoclinic distorted crystal structure, space group  $\text{P}2_1/\text{n}$ . The perovskite lattice consists of a completely ordered array of  $\text{BO}_6$  and  $\text{UO}_6$  octahedra exhibiting a slight tilting of the type  $\text{a}^- \text{b}^+ \text{a}^-$ . Magnetic measurements show antiferromagnetism for the phases with  $\text{B}=\text{Co, Ni}$  and  $\text{Mn}$  at low temperature. The effective magnetic moment at  $T \geq T_{\text{Neel}}$  (5.221 B/f.u. for Co phase and 3.26 B/f.u. for Ni phase) suggests an unquenched orbital contribution. The value for the Mn phase (5.74 B/f.u.) is consistent with that expected for high-spin  $\text{Mn}^{2+}$  (5.91 B/f.u.). The topotactic reduction of the stoichiometric sample leads to oxygen deficient disordered perovskites,  $\text{SrB}_{0.5}\text{U}_{0.5}\text{O}_{3-d}$  having an orthorhombic distorted structure, space group  $\text{Pbnm}$ , at 300K. We will also comment on the temperature dependent infrared reflectivity of  $\text{Sr}_2\text{CoUO}_6$  and isomorphous compounds.

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