

Abstract Submitted  
for the MAR06 Meeting of  
The American Physical Society

**Optical Study of Optimally Doped and Overdoped YBCO<sup>1</sup>** MINGHAN CHEN, D.B. TANNER, Department of Physics, University of Florida, Gainesville FL 32611-8440, USA, G. HAMMERL, J. MANNHART, Center for Electronic Correlation and Magnetism, Institute of Physics, Augsburg University, Augsburg 86135, Germany — Thin films of the optimally-doped and overdoped high temperature superconductor ( $\text{YBa}_2\text{Cu}_3\text{O}_{7-\delta}$  and  $\text{Y}_{0.7}\text{Ca}_{0.3}\text{Ba}_2\text{Cu}_3\text{O}_{7-\delta}$  with  $T_c=90$  K and 79 K, respectively) have been investigated by optical spectroscopy in the ab-plane. In the normal state, with increasing the carrier concentration in the  $\text{CuO}_2$  planes, spectral weight is lost in the high-frequency charge-transfer band and transferred to lower frequencies. With increased doping, the free-carrier (Drude-like component) plasma frequency increases, consistent with a charge density increase. However, the superfluid density decreases in this regime (overdoped region) and a substantial normal-fluid component still exists in the low frequency part of the optical conductivity well below  $T_c$ .

<sup>1</sup>MC and DBT acknowledge support of the NSF, DMR-0305043.

Minghan Chen  
Department of Physics, University of Florida

Date submitted: 02 Dec 2005

Electronic form version 1.4