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Systematic Investigation of Exchange Coupled $\text{Fe}_x\text{Co}_{1-x}/\text{CoPt}$ Magnetic Bilayers Using the High-Throughput Approach H. OGUCHI, Univ. of MD, M. YU, Univ. of New Orleans, J. HATTRICK-SIMPERS, Univ. of MD, A. ZAMBANO, I. TAKEUCHI, Univ. of MD, S. LOFLAND, Rowan Univ., D. JOSELL, L.A. BENDERSKY, NIST, J.P. LI, Univ. of Texas at Arlington — Exchange-coupled magnetic nanocomposites are being pursued for future permanent magnets with high energy products. To gain better understanding of the exchange coupling behavior between the soft and hard magnetic layers, we are using the high-throughput approach. $\text{Fe}_x\text{Co}_{1-x}/\text{CoPt}$ magnetic bilayers are grown on $\text{MgO}(110)$ substrates using the combinatorial electron-beam deposition. CoPt hard magnetic layer is epitaxially grown at 600°C . The $\text{Fe}_x\text{Co}_{1-x}$ soft layer is deposited at 200°C . To study the effect of changing soft phase parameters on exchange coupling, we have fabricated libraries where in one direction the composition of the soft-phase is continuously changing from Fe to Co and the thickness of the soft layer is changing in the other direction. The magnetic hysteresis loop for each soft layer composition and the thickness is measured using a magneto-optical Kerr effect system. From systematically changing hysteresis loops, we calculate the exchange field (H_{ex}) as a function of anisotropy and magnetization of the soft phase. Observed dependence of H_{ex} on soft phase parameters are directly compared against theoretical models of the exchange mechanism. ONR N00014-05-1-0497, NSF DMR -0520471.

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