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Field-induced spin-solid phases in the spin liquids $\text{Tb}_2\text{Ti}_2\text{O}_7$ and $\text{Nd}_3\text{Ga}_5\text{SiO}_{14}$ LUIS BALICAS, National High Magnetic Field Lab, Florida State University, YOUNJUNG JO, HAIDONG ZHOU, EUN SANG CHOI, CHRISTOPHER WIEBE, National High Magnetic Field Laboratory, Florida State University, Tallahassee-FL 32306, USA — Here we report thermodynamic and magnetization measurements at zero and high fields in the pyrochlore $\text{Tb}_2\text{Ti}_2\text{O}_7$ and in the Kagome lattice $\text{Nd}_3\text{Ga}_5\text{SiO}_{14}$. In both compounds, previous neutron scattering studies did not reveal any form of magnetic ordering down to the lowest temperatures and have proposed these materials to display a spin-liquid ground state [1]. Here we show that heat capacity normalized by temperature down to ~ 350 mK confirms the absence of ordering. Furthermore, magnetization as a function of field at the lowest temperatures reveal the existence of an intermediary phase protruded between the zero field spin-liquid and the high-field spin-polarized state. In the case $\text{Nd}_3\text{Ga}_5\text{SiO}_{14}$ it leads to a $1/2$ magnetization plateau for fields along the inter-planar direction, similar to the one recently reported in the pyrochlore compound CdCr_2O_4 [2]. But for fields along the planes it displays a $1/3$ plateau followed by a metamagnetic transition towards a value closer to $4/5$. [1] J. S. Gardner et al. Phys. Rev. Lett. 82, 1012 (1999) ; J. Robert et al., ibid 96, 197205 (2006) [2] H. Ueda, Phys. Rev. Lett. 94, 047202 (2005).

Luis Balicas
National High Magnetic Field Lab, Florida State University

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