

Abstract Submitted
for the MAR07 Meeting of
The American Physical Society

Zeros of the dispersion relation of the elementary excitation and the correlation length of strongly correlated quantum systems YUICHI NAKAMURA, Dept. of Phys, the Univ. of Tokyo — We argue that the imaginary part of a zero of the dispersion relation of the elementary excitation of quantum systems is equal to the inverse correlation length. We confirm the relation for the Hubbard model[1] in the half-filled case; it has been confirmed only for the $S=1/2$ antiferromagnetic XXZ chain[2]. In order to search zeros of the dispersion relation in the complex momentum space efficiently, we introduce a non-Hermitian generalization of quantum systems by adding an imaginary vector potential ig to the momentum operator[3]. We also show for the half-filled Hubbard model the reason why the non-Hermitian critical point[4] is equal to the inverse correlation length[5] by noting the dispersion relation of the charge excitation.

[1] Y. Nakamura and N. Hatano, in preparation.

[2] K. Okunishi, Y. Akutsu, N. Akutsu and T. Yamamoto, Phys. Rev. B 64 (2001) 104432.

[3] Y. Nakamura and N. Hatano, Physica B 378-380 (2006) 292; J. Phys. Soc. Jpn. 75 (2006) 114001.

[4] T. Fukui and N. Kawakami, Phys. Rev. B 58 (1998) 16051.

[5] C. A. Stafford and A. J. Millis, Phys. Rev. B 48 (1993) 1409.

Yuichi Nakamura
Dept. of Phys, the Univ. of Tokyo

Date submitted: 16 Nov 2006

Electronic form version 1.4