

Abstract Submitted  
for the MAR07 Meeting of  
The American Physical Society

**Modified doping at cuprate / lanthanum manganite interfaces**

JACOBO SANTAMARIA, J. GARCIA BARRIOCANAL, A. RIVERA, C. LEON, GFMC. Fac. Fisicas. U. Complutense. Madrid Spain, M. VARELA, Materials Science & Technology Division, Oak Ridge National Laboratory, Oak Ridge, TN, USA, S.J. PENNYCOOK, Materials Science & Technology Division, Oak Ridge National Laboratory, Oak Ridge, TN, USA. , Z. SEFRIQUI, GFMC. Fac. Fisicas. U. Complutense. Madrid Spain — Oxide heterostructures allow combining materials with similar structure but with very different ground states, which may compete at the interface to yield novel behaviors and functionalities. We explore the  $\text{YBa}_2\text{Cu}_3\text{O}_7$  (YBCO) /  $\text{La}_{1-x}\text{Ca}_x\text{MnO}_3$  (LCMO) interface in thin film heterostructures. For  $x=0.3$  the manganite is ferromagnetic which causes a strong depression of the superconductivity at the YBCO side. There is also a depression of the ferromagnetic moment at the interface suggesting electron transfer from the manganite into the YBCO. This is confirmed from superlattices alternating YBCO and  $\text{LaMnO}_3$  (LMO), an A- type AF insulator. While for thin LMO layers ( $< 6$  unit cells) there is little effect on YBCO superconductivity, thicker LMO layers result in reduced  $T_c$  values and induced ferromagnetism at the interface, thus providing a firm indication of charge transfer. The occurrence of charge transfer over length scales much longer than the Thomas Fermi screening length (1 nm) is a novel behavior which, we hope, will stimulate future theoretical studies. Work supported by CICYT MAT2005 06024 C02-02.

Jacobo Santamaria  
GFMC. Fac. Fisicas. U. Complutense. Madrid Spain

Date submitted: 20 Nov 2006

Electronic form version 1.4