

Abstract Submitted  
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**A First-Principles Insight into the Superconductivity of Graphite Intercalation Compounds** LILIA BOERI, OLE KROGH ANDERSEN, JUN SUNG KIM, REINHARD KREMER, Max-Planck-Institut fuer Festkoerper-Forschung, Stuttgart, Germany, MATTEO GIANTOMASSI, UPCM, Universite Catholique de Louvain, Louvain-la-Neuve, Belgium, GIOVANNI B. BACHELET, INFN SMC and Dipartimento di Fisica, Universita la Sapienza, Roma, Italy, FERIDON S. RAZAVI, Department of Physics, Brock University, Ontario, Canada — Experimental evidences have established that the recently discovered superconductivity in graphite-intercalation compounds (GICs)  $\text{CaC}_6$  and  $\text{YbC}_6$  is due to electron-phonon ( $e-ph$ ) coupling. First-principles calculations predict for  $\text{CaC}_6$  an intermediate  $e-ph$  coupling ( $\lambda \sim 0.83$ ), resulting from intercalant in-plane ( $I_{xy}$ ) and carbon out-of-plane ( $C_z$ ) vibrations. Whereas the softening of the  $I_{xy}$  modes explains increase of  $T_c$  with pressure [1], the presence of the  $C_z$  peak is due to an interaction which is “dormant” in pure graphite. A simple analysis of the band structure of the GICs also permits to rule out the possibility of plasmon-mediated superconductivity[1].

[1] J. S. Kim, L. Boeri, R. K. Kremer, and F. S. Razavi Phys. Rev B, in press and Phys. Rev. Lett. 96, 217002 (2006).

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