

Abstract Submitted
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Magneto-transport and spin-torque effects in current perpendicular to the plane spin-valves with Co-Fe-Al magnetic layers STEFAN MAAT, MATTHEW CAREY, JEFFREY CHILDRESS — The magneto-transport of current-perpendicular to the plane giant magneto-resistive spin valves utilizing $(\text{Co}_x\text{Fe}_{100-x})_{100-y}\text{Al}_y$ alloys in the reference and free layers is investigated. $(\text{Co}_{50}\text{Fe}_{50})_{75}\text{Al}_{25}$ is determined to be the alloy composition that maximizes magneto-resistance. At this composition the magnetization is around 1000 emu/cm^3 , which is high enough to be used as magnetic material in spin-valves with ultra-thin read gaps for high recording densities. An improvement in magneto-resistance from 1.7% for spin-valves utilizing $\text{Co}_{50}\text{Fe}_{50}$ in reference and free layers to 3.3% for spin-valves utilizing $(\text{Co}_{50}\text{Fe}_{50})_{75}\text{Al}_{25}$ with the same “magnetic” thickness in both parts of the reference and the free layers were observed. The spin-diffusion length for $(\text{Co}_{50}\text{Fe}_{50})_{75}\text{Al}_{25}$ is determined to be approximately 30 Å. Spin-torque measurements show that the spin-torque current density threshold is approximately $7 \cdot 10^7 \text{ A/cm}^2$ in CoFeAl spin-valves in comparison to $13 \cdot 10^7 \text{ A/cm}^2$ in CoFe spin-valves.

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