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Influence of size effect and electron correlation to the energy band gap of CuFeO₂ and AgFeO₂ KHUONG ONG, KEWU BAI, Institute of High Performance Computing, Singapore, PETER BLAHA, Inst.f. Materials Chemistry, TU Vienna, PING WU, Institute of High Performance Computing, Singapore — We have calculated the electronic structure of delafossite type oxides CuFeO₂ and AgFeO₂ using the Full Potential Linearized Augmented Plane Wave (FP-LAPW) method within Perdew-Burke-Ernzerhof Generalized-Gradient Approximation (PBE-GGA). A metallic state instead of true insulating state is obtained for CuFeO₂ and AgFeO₂. The insulating state is reproduced when electron correlations have been taken into account. An effective Hubbard parameter for Fe, $U_{eff}=7.86\text{eV}$, has been derived based on an ab initio constraint calculation. This value is an over estimation for the optical band gaps of CuFeO₂ and most probably for AgFeO₂ as well. One reasonable U_{eff} has been derived by comparing between computational and experimental X-Ray emission spectra. The energy band gap of CuFeO₂ and AgFeO₂ within the PBE-GGA+U is found as charge transfer gap. Theoretical optical band gaps $\Delta_0=1.30\text{eV}$, $\Delta_1=2.06\text{eV}$, and $\Delta_2=3.20\text{eV}$ for CuFeO₂ are quite compatible with experimental data. For AgFeO₂ an optical band gap $\Delta_0=1.90\text{eV}$ has been predicted. The size effect is considered as the origin of the increase in optical and energy band gaps of AgFeO₂ in comparison with CuFeO₂.

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