

MAR07-2006-005940

Abstract for an Invited Paper
for the MAR07 Meeting of
the American Physical Society

An intrinsic Cu-O-Cu bond-centered electronic glass with disperse $4a_0$ -wide unidirectional domains in strongly underdoped $\text{Ca}_{1.88}\text{Na}_{0.12}\text{CuO}_2\text{Cl}_2$ and $\text{Bi}_2\text{Sr}_2\text{Dy}_{0.2}\text{Ca}_{0.8}\text{Cu}_2\text{O}_y$

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Hole doping into the CuO_2 charge transfer insulator alters the electronic correlations, leading to the high- T_c superconductivity (HTS). The correlation alterations are accompanied by spectral weight transfers from the high energy states of the insulator to low energies. Recently, it has been proposed [1,2] that these effects might be observable as an asymmetry of electron tunneling currents with bias voltage across the chemical potential. Atomic-scale TA-phenomena would then be of crucial importance to understand the fundamental electronic structure of the CuO_2 plane from whence the HTS emerges.

In this talk, we will report the first application of atomic resolution TA-imaging by STM, detecting virtually identical phenomena in two different lightly hole-doped cuprates: $\text{Ca}_{1.88}\text{Na}_{0.12}\text{CuO}_2\text{Cl}_2$ and $\text{Bi}_2\text{Sr}_2\text{Dy}_{0.2}\text{Ca}_{0.8}\text{Cu}_2\text{O}_y$. We find intense spatial variation primarily on planer oxygen sites. Their spatial arrangements appear to be a Cu-O-Cu bond-centered electronic glass, breaking translational symmetry of lattice and 90° -rotational symmetry. $4a_0$ -wide unidirectional domains (a_0 : Cu-O-Cu length) are embedded throughout this matrix and running along the both Cu-O bonds without preferred orientation. Relationship to the electronic cluster glass, the bond-centered stripe, and the high- T_c superconductivity will be discussed.

This work is done in collaboration with C. Taylor, A. Schmidt, C. Lupien, T. Hanaguri, M. Azuma, M. Takano, K. Fujita, H. Eisaki, H. Takagi, S. Uchida, and J. C. Davis.

[1] P. W. Anderson, N. P. Ong, cond-mat/0405518 & *J. Phys. Chem. Solid* **67**, 1 (2006).

[2] M. Randeria, R. Sensarma, N. Trivedi, F. -C. Zhang, *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **95**, 137001 (2005).