

Abstract Submitted
for the MAR08 Meeting of
The American Physical Society

Effects of Substrate Polarity, Strain, and Chemical Boundary Conditions on Ferroelectricity in PbTiO_3 on DyScO_3 M. HIGHLAND, D.D. FONG, J.A. EASTMAN, S.K. STREIFFER, T. FISTER, P.H. FUOSS, G.B. STEPHENSON, Argonne National Laboratory, Argonne, Illinois 60439, USA, CAROL THOMPSON, Department of Physics, Northern Illinois University, DeKalb, Illinois 60115 — Novel substrate materials such as DyScO_3 have recently been used to control the epitaxial strain imposed on ferroelectric films such as PbTiO_3 , since epitaxial strain effects are predicted to strongly modify the phase transition temperature and domain structure. In addition, the polar nature of these substrates can be expected to impose a different electrical boundary condition than would arise at a traditional non-polar substrate surface such as SrTiO_3 (001). Chemical conditions at the free surface can also affect polarization in ultrathin films. Here we report synchrotron x-ray investigations of the domain structure and polarization as a function of temperature and oxygen partial pressure for ultrathin films of PbTiO_3 on DyScO_3 . We observe that the substrate surface charge imposes a strong bias on the net polarization of the film, which can be overcome at low temperatures by the chemical effect of the environment. Work supported by the U. S. Department of Energy under Contract No. DE-AC02-06CH11357.

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Date submitted: 03 Dec 2007

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