

Abstract Submitted
for the MAR08 Meeting of
The American Physical Society

Determination of carbon nanotube wall thickness and elasticity by atomic force microscopy. TRISTAN DEBORDE, CALEB JOINER, MATTHEW LEYDEN, ETHAN MINOT, Oregon State University — To understand the operation of carbon nanotube (CNT) devices it is important to determine whether nanotubes are single-walled or multi-walled. Transmission electron microscopy of CNTs has previously been the only tool available to count the number of graphene sheets forming the wall of a CNT. We show that atomic force microscopy can measure CNT wall thickness by squeezing individual nanotubes between a tip and a hard surface. Full compression of single-walled and double-walled CNTs can be achieved either by a static force or by ac-mode imaging, allowing clear determination of wall number. Direct measurements of compression forces are used to determine the elastic properties of the wall, yielding the bending modulus of graphene.

Tristan DeBorde
Oregon State University

Date submitted: 27 Nov 2007

Electronic form version 1.4