

Abstract Submitted  
for the MAR08 Meeting of  
The American Physical Society

**Dispersive Raman Scattering from  $n=1-4$  Graphene Layers ( $n$ GLs)** PETER EKLUND, Pennsylvania State University, AWNISH GUPTA, PSU — We present new Raman scattering results from  $n$ GLs ( $n=1, 2, 3, 4$ ) in the range of 100 - 4500  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ . Dispersive behavior of Raman peaks was probed at room temperature with 7 laser lines from 1.5-2.7 eV. In addition to the five Raman peaks reported previously, we report on the behavior of five new weaker features that appear in graphene (514.5 nm excitation) at  $\sim 1882 \text{ cm}^{-1}$  ( $\sim 125 \text{ cm}^{-1}/\text{eV}$ ),  $\sim 2035 \text{ cm}^{-1}$  ( $\sim 177 \text{ cm}^{-1}/\text{eV}$ ),  $\sim 2218 \text{ cm}^{-1}$  ( $\sim -43 \text{ cm}^{-1}/\text{eV}$ ),  $\sim 3174 \text{ cm}^{-1}$  ( $\sim -40 \text{ cm}^{-1}/\text{eV}$ ) and  $\sim 4069 \text{ cm}^{-1}$  ( $\sim 35 \text{ cm}^{-1}/\text{eV}$ ). The value in ( ) is the respective band dispersion, or shift with peak position per eV change in the excitation energy. The band dispersion is connected with the ratio of the phonon to Fermi velocity and stems from the double resonance (DR) scattering. New Raman bands that are only observed for  $n$ GLs ( $n > 1$ ) are found at  $\sim 1510 \text{ cm}^{-1}$  ( $\sim 16 \text{ cm}^{-1}/\text{eV}$ ) and  $1737 \text{ cm}^{-1}$  ( $\sim 10 \text{ cm}^{-1}/\text{eV}$ ). The identities of the new peaks will be discussed based on DR scattering and the phonon dispersion curve of graphene.

Awnish Gupta  
Pennsylvania State University

Date submitted: 05 Dec 2007

Electronic form version 1.4