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μ SR study of spin dynamics and phase transition of the two-dimensional tetramer-cuprate $\text{Na}_5\text{RbCu}_4(\text{AsO}_4)_4\text{Cl}_2$ ANNIKA KRIISA, RAIVO STERN, National Institute of Chemical Physics and Biophysics, SHIOU-JYH HWU, WENDY QUEEN, Department of Chemistry, Clemson University, HUBERTUS LUETKENS, Laboratory for Muon-Spin Spectroscopy Paul Scherrer Institut — In an effort to explain the magnetic properties of such low-dimensional systems, ^{87}Rb Nuclear Magnetic Resonance (NMR) experiments in a $\text{Na}_5\text{RbCu}_4(\text{AsO}_4)_4\text{Cl}_2$ system were performed. This novel two-dimensional (2D) cuprate contains layers of coupled Cu_4O_4 tetramers. The spin exchange interactions are confined to 2D layers and the Cu are divalent, making the system a $s=1/2$ antiferromagnet. In zero applied magnetic field, it orders antiferromagnetically via a second-order phase transition at $T_N=15(1)$ K. The ordered state was characterized by ^{87}Rb NMR, and a non-collinear rather than collinear arrangement of spins was suggested. New structural phase transition(s) around 74 and 110 K were also evidenced. We present a μ SR study of this cuprate. The investigation of the spin dynamics (via the muon longitudinal relaxation rate $\lambda(T)$) in the temperature range $2 < T < 300\text{K}$ in zero-field, with particular attention to the order parameter below T_N and around structural phase transitions at $T \sim 74\text{K}$ and $T \sim 110\text{K}$ is shown.

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