

Abstract Submitted  
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**First-**

**Principles Theory of Ordering, Phase Separation, and Phonon Scattering in Thermoelectric LAST (Lead-Antimony-Silver-Telluride) alloys<sup>1</sup>**

SERGEY V. BARABASH, VIDVUDS OZOLINS, UCLA, CHRIS WOLVERTON, Northwestern University — Bulk LAST ( $\text{Pb}_{2-x-y}\text{Ag}_y\text{Sb}_x\text{Te}_2$ ) alloys exhibit\* high thermoelectric figure of merit ( $ZT \sim 2$  at 800K, considerably exceeding  $ZT$  of pure PbTe or AgSbTe<sub>2</sub>), and nano-scale inhomogeneities, origin of which is poorly understood. The atomic structure of the nano-regions, as well as that of the pure AgSbTe<sub>2</sub>, remains the subject of an experimental debate. Using density-functional theory (DFT), we calculate the composition-temperature phase diagram and vibrational spectra of  $\text{Pb}_{2-x-y}\text{Ag}_y\text{Sb}_x\text{Te}_2$  alloys. We predict that the experimentally observed nanoscale inhomogeneities are due to the precipitation of ordered AgSbTe<sub>2</sub> phases. Two types of cation order type closely compete in AgSbTe<sub>2</sub>, the dominant order type being D4; the predicted hypothetical order-disorder transition temperature exceeds the melting temperature of pure AgSbTe<sub>2</sub>. The miscibility gap between solid PbTe and AgSbTe<sub>2</sub> phases is highly asymmetric, with a high solubility of PbTe in ordered AgSbTe<sub>2</sub>. We also characterize the shape of coherent precipitates. Finally, the phonon spectra of AgSbTe<sub>2</sub> and PbTe suggest that boundary scattering of acoustic phonons causes the observed suppression of thermal conductivity. \*K.F. Hsu *et al.*, Science **303**, 818 (2004).

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