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Frustrated magnetism in the diamond-chain like compound $\text{Ba}_3\text{Cu}_3\text{Sc}_4\text{O}_{12}$ ¹ A.V. MAHAJAN, Department of Physics, IIT Bombay, B. KOTESWARA RAO, Dept. of Physics, IIT Bombay, J. BOBROFF, Labo. de Physique des Solides, Orsay, France — The structure of $\text{Ba}_3\text{Cu}_3\text{Sc}_4\text{O}_{12}$, having chains of corner-shared square plaquettes, is reminiscent of the “diamond chain” compound $\text{Cu}_3(\text{CO}_3)_2(\text{OH})_2$ which has shown novel magnetic properties. We report preparation of polycrystalline samples of $\text{Ba}_3\text{Cu}_3\text{Sc}_4\text{O}_{12}$ followed by temperature dependent magnetic susceptibility $\chi(T)$ and heat capacity $C_p(T)$ measurements in applied magnetic fields up to $H = 90$ kOe. At high- T , $\chi(T)$ is fitted by the Curie-Weiss law ($\chi(T)=C/(T-\theta_{CW})$) and is suggestive of ferromagnetic interactions ($\theta_{CW} \sim 70$ K). However, in low-fields, the $\chi(T)$ shows a sharp peak at $T_N \sim 16$ K and the variation at lower temperatures is indicative of antiferromagnetic ordering. Clear evidence of the transition at T_N is also seen in heat capacity data. The sharp peak in $\chi(T)$ and $C_p(T)$ moves to lower temperatures with increasing H . The T_N is found to be strongly lowered by an applied field and $T_N \sim 0$ for $H \sim 70$ kOe. Further work to understand the relative exchange couplings between various Cu atoms is currently in progress.

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A.V. Mahajan
Department of Physics, IIT Bombay

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