Abstract Submitted for the MAR09 Meeting of The American Physical Society

Emergence of complex magnetism in three dimensional, yet quasilayered, iron prictides: CaFe₄As₃¹ ARTHUR J. FREEMAN, GIANCARLO TRIMARCHI, MERCOURI KANATZIDIS, Northwestern U., ILIYA TODOROV, DUCK-YOUNG CHUNG, Materials Science Division, ANL, Argonne IL 60439 — The class of iron prictides has been the focus of much attention for the discovery of superconductivity in the layered compounds LaOFeAs, CaFe₂As₂, and related ones; the phase diagrams of these prictides remain still largely unexplored. Here, we report on the electronic and magnetic structure of the recently synthesized CaFe₄As₃ compound. This material, as opposed to the layered CaFe₂As₂, shows FeAs slabs parallel to the b-direction and approximately perpendicular to each other, defining tunnels filled by the Ca atoms. No sign of superconductivity was found in this compound. Instead, the system shows a complex ferromagnetic state at low temperature. DFT calculations performed on the refined crystal structure using the highly precise FLAPW method² show a pronounced stabilization for the ferromagnetic state which is characterized by four distinct Fe sites with magnetic moments of between 1 μ_B and 2 μ_B . The influence of the local topology of the crystal structure on the the electronic and magnetic state is analyzed.

¹Funded by DOE (grant No. DE-F602-88ER45372) ²Wimmer, Krakauer, Weinert, and Freeman, PRB, **24**, 864 (1981)

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Date submitted: 21 Nov 2008 Electronic form version 1.4