

Abstract for an Invited Paper  
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**Quantum Optical Control of Micromechanics**

MARKUS ASPELMEYER, Institute for Quantum Optics and Quantum Information (IQOQI), Austrian Academy of Sciences, Vienna, Austria

Massive mechanical resonators are now approaching the quantum regime. This opens up not only a spectrum of new applications but also a previously inaccessible parameter range for macroscopic quantum experiments on systems consisting of up to  $10^{20}$  atoms. Quantum optics provides a rich toolbox to prepare and detect quantum states of mechanical systems, in particular by combining nano- and micromechanical resonators with high-finesse cavities. I will report on our recent experiments in Vienna on laser cooling micromechanical systems towards the quantum ground state by using radiation pressure. I will also discuss the prospects and experimental challenges of generating and detecting optomechanical entanglement, which is at the heart of Schrödinger's cat paradox.