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**Transport Properties for Biphenyl-Based Molecular Junction System** HISASHI KONDO, Institute of Industrial Science, University of Tokyo, JUN NARA, TAKAHISA OHNO, Computational Materials Science Center, National Institute for Materials Science — In the present study, the transport properties of an biphenyl-based molecule [ $X$ -BP- $X$  ( $X$ : the end-group atom),  $X=O$ , S, Se, and Te] sandwiched between Au(111) electrodes are theoretically investigated using the non-equilibrium Green's function method based on the density functional theory. The end-group atom  $X$  has an influence on the interaction between the molecule and electrodes and the interaction between the two phenyl rings. For  $X =S$ , Se, and Te, similar transport properties are obtained, while the system with  $X =O$  exhibits much different properties from the other  $X$ s. In case of  $X =O$ , the interaction between the molecule and electrodes becomes the weakest and that between  $\pi$ -type orbitals of the two phenyl rings, which mainly contributes to the transmission around the Fermi energy, becomes the strongest. As a result, this system has a larger transmission around the Fermi energy. We also investigate the dependence on dihedral angle between the two phenyl rings for all  $X$ s. This study was supported by the RISS project and a Grant-in-Aid for Scientific Research (No.17064017) of MEXT of the Japanese Government. The present calculations were performed by using the Numerical Materials Simulator in National Institute for Materials Science.

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