

Abstract Submitted  
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**Scaling analysis of the static and dynamic critical exponents in  $\text{Pr}_{2-x}\text{Ce}_x\text{CuO}_4$  films as a function of doping**<sup>1</sup> R.A. ISAACS, M.C. SULLIVAN, M.F. SALVAGGIO, J. SOUSA, C.G. STATHIS, J.B. OLSON, Ithaca College, Ithaca NY — We investigate the static and dynamic critical exponents of the electron-doped superconductor  $\text{Pr}_{2-x}\text{Ce}_x\text{CuO}_4$ . Our results are based on current vs. voltage measurements in zero-field of the normal-superconducting phase transition in  $\text{Pr}_{2-x}\text{Ce}_x\text{CuO}_4$  films as a function of doping. We find that these materials possess an unusually small critical regime ( $\sim 25\text{mK}$ ) that gives rise to mean-field behavior at the phase transitions and a static critical exponent of about  $\nu \sim 0.5$  for all dopings. This is quite unexpected when compared to the critical behavior seen in well-known hole-doped superconductor  $\text{YBa}_2\text{Cu}_3\text{O}_7$ , where  $\nu \sim 2/3$ . In addition, mean-field behavior is also exhibited in the dynamic critical exponent ( $z$ ). We find that  $\text{Pr}_{2-x}\text{Ce}_x\text{CuO}_4$  behaves not like other cuprate superconductors, but similarly to conventional superconductors in this regard. Only as transition width decreases to zero does the dynamic critical exponent ( $z$ ) approach the value found in  $\text{YBa}_2\text{Cu}_3\text{O}_7$ .

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