

Abstract Submitted  
for the MAR10 Meeting of  
The American Physical Society

**Ferromagnetic-paramagnetic transition in p-Si/SiGe due to Landau levels overlapping**<sup>1</sup> ALEXEY SUSLOV, NHMFL-FSU, Tallahassee, Florida 32310, USA, I.L. DRICHKO, I.YU. SMIRNOV, A.F. Ioffe PTI of RAS, St.-Petersburg 194021, Russia, O.A. MIRONOV, Warwick SEMINANO R&D Centre, University of Warwick SP, Coventry CV4 7EZ, UK, D.R. LEADLEY, Department of Physics, University of Warwick, Coventry CV4 7AL, UK — The magnetoresistance  $\rho_{xx}$  and  $\rho_{xy}$  as well as attenuation and velocity change of surface acoustic waves were measured in a p-Si/SiGe sample with  $p=2\times 10^{11}$  cm<sup>-2</sup>. The research was performed in the temperature range of 0.3-2 K and in the magnetic fields of up to 18 T tilted with respect to the two-dimensional (2D) channel plane. The dependence of the g-factor  $g^*(\Theta)/g^*(0^\circ)$  on the tilt angle was determined. The measurements of  $\rho_{xx}$  and  $\rho_{xy}$  in the tilted magnetic field showed that the anomaly in  $\rho_{xx}$  observed at filling factor  $\nu = 3/2$  is insignificant in the conductivity  $\sigma_{xx}$ . The anomaly in  $\sigma_{xx}$  at  $\nu = 2$  might be explained by overlapping of the levels with different spins  $0\uparrow$  and  $1\downarrow$  when the tilt angle of the applied magnetic field is changed. The overlapping occurs at  $\Theta$  of about  $60^\circ$  and causes a ferromagnetic-paramagnetic transition.

<sup>1</sup>Supported by RFBR 08-02-00852; the RAS Presidium, RAS Program “Spintronika”, NSF DMR-0084173, the State of Florida, and the DOE.

Alexey Suslov  
NHMFL-FSU

Date submitted: 23 Nov 2009

Electronic form version 1.4