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Composite fermion valley polarization energies: Evidence for particle-hole asymmetry MEDINI PADMANABHAN, TAYFUN GOKMEN, MANSOUR SHAYEGAN, Princeton University — In an ideal two-component two-dimensional electron system, particle-hole symmetry dictates that the fractional quantum Hall (FQH) states around $\nu = 1/2$ are equivalent to those around $\nu = 3/2$. We demonstrate that composite fermions (CFs) around $\nu = 1/2$ in AIs possess a valley degree of freedom like their counterparts around $\nu = 3/2$. We valley polarize these CFs by applying an in-plane uniaxial strain. Normalized to the Coulomb energy, the energies required to completely valley-polarize the CFs around $\nu = 1/2$ and $3/2$ should be identical. Surprisingly, we find that it takes much less energy to completely valley polarize the CFs around $\nu = 1/2$ compared to the CFs around $3/2$. We investigate the FQH states at $\nu = 2/3$ and $4/3$ for a wide range of 2D electron density and conclude that particle-hole symmetry is violated in our system.

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