

Abstract Submitted
for the MAR10 Meeting of
The American Physical Society

Spatial placement limits of nitrogen vacancy centers in diamond via ion implantation¹ C.D. WEIS, Accelerator and Fusion Research Division, Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory, D.M. TOYLI, Center for Spintronics and Quantum Computation, University of California, Santa Barbara, E. HERRMANN, A. PERSAUD, Accelerator and Fusion Research Division, Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory, I. CHAKAROV, Silvaco International, Santa Clara, CA, USA, G.D. FUCHS, F.J. HEREMANS, D.D. AWSCHALOM, Center for Spintronics and Quantum Computation, University of California, Santa Barbara, T. SCHENKEL, Accelerator and Fusion Research Division, Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory — Nitrogen-vacancy (NV) centers in diamond are an interesting candidate for spin qubits in quantum information processing due to their long coherence times at room temperature. A common technique to place NV centers in diamond is via ion implantation [1] and thermal annealing. We discuss the contributions of ion beam spot size, range straggling and ion channeling as well as diffusion during annealing on the placement accuracy of nitrogen ions and NV-centers in diamond for ion implantation energies below 40 keV. Placement accuracy limits are compared to requirements for NV-center placement in proposed multi-qubit coupling schemes. [1] C. D. Weis et al., *J.Vac.Sci.Tech. B* 26, 2596 (2008)

¹This work was supported by the Darpa Quest program, and by the Director, Office of Science, of the Department of Energy under Contract No. DE-AC02-05CH1123.

Christoph Weis
Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory

Date submitted: 09 Dec 2009

Electronic form version 1.4