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Structural, Electrical and Optical Properties of BaTiO₃(BT)/Ba_(1-x)Sr_xTiO₃(BST) and SrTiO₃(ST)/BST Superlattices NORA ORTEGA, ASHOK KUMAR, RAM KATIYAR, Department of Physics, Institute of Functional Nanomaterials, University of Puerto Rico, UNIVERSITY OF PUERTO RICO TEAM — Superlattices (SL) have attracted interests due to the possibility of producing superior and new properties compared to the parent constituents. We have fabricated SL of BT/BST and ST/BST with $x=0-1$ by pulse laser deposition. The films modulation period (Λ) in all SL were $\Lambda=80$ Å, that is, BT _{$\Lambda/2$} or ST _{$\Lambda/2$} /BST _{$\Lambda/2$} and the total thickness of each SL film was ~ 600 nm. XRD revealed (00l) perovskite structure and the so-called satellite peaks typical of modulated structures. The angular distance (θ_n) between the satellite peaks for BT/BST (ST/BST) increases (decrease) with increase (decrease) of x concentration. The polarized Raman spectra of BT/BST SL at room temperature are very close to those of BT; however the activation of folded acoustic phonons in SL was observed when the θ_n increase (BT/ST, BT/BST _{$x=0.7$}). The BT/BST _{$x=0.7$} showed well defined ferroelectric loop (~ 10 $\mu\text{C}/\text{cm}^2$), and the dielectric constant and loss values at 10 kHz was 350 and 0.05 respectively. Temperature dependent Raman studies will be discussed.

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