

Abstract Submitted  
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**Growth conditions of oxypnictide compounds  $\text{LaFePnO}$   $\text{Pn}=\{\text{P,As,Sb}\}$**  JASON VIELMA, SEAN MUIR, M.A. SUBRAMANIAN, A.W. SLEIGHT, GUENTER SCHNEIDER, Oregon State University — The discovery of superconductivity in layered ferro-oxynictides  $\text{LaFePO}$  ( $T_c \sim 4 \text{ K}$ ) and  $\text{LaFeAsO}_{1-x}\text{F}_x$  ( $T_c \sim 26 \text{ K}$ ) lead to an intense search for other iron based superconducting materials. For the hypothetical compound  $\text{LaFeSbO}$ , ab initio density functional theory (DFT) calculations predict an enhanced density of states at the Fermi level together with increased nesting between the electron and hole sheets in the tetragonal structure (isostructural to  $\text{LaFeAsO}$ ) and an enhanced spin-density wave ground state in a closely related orthorhombic structure; indicating the potential for superconductivity with a higher transition temperature [1]. We report ab initio DFT calculations of the phase stability of the oxypnictides  $\text{LaFePnO}$   $\text{Pn}=\{\text{P,As,Sb}\}$  and find growth conditions where  $\text{LaFePO}$  and  $\text{LaFeAsO}$  are thermodynamically stable, but  $\text{LaFeSbO}$  is unstable with respect to the formation of  $\text{La}_2\text{SbO}_2$ . Indeed, our attempt to synthesize  $\text{LaFeSbO}$  led to the synthesis and characterization of  $\text{La}_2\text{SbO}_2$ . The phonon spectrum of hypothetical  $\text{LaFeSbO}$  shows no soft modes, indicating that  $\text{LaFeSbO}$  is potentially metastable and leaving open the possibility of a nonequilibrium synthesis route.

[1] C-Y. Moon, S. Y. Park, and H. J. Choi, Phys. Rev. B, **78**, 212507 (2008)

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