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Above room temperature ferroelectricity and weak ferromagnetism in $\text{LaFeO}_3/\text{LnFeO}_3$ digital superlattices SAURABH GHOSH, CRAIG J. FENNIE, Scholl of Applied and Engineering Physics, Cornell University — We have studied from first principles the structural, ferroelectric, and magnetic properties of the $(\text{LaFeO}_3)_1/(\text{LnFeO}_3)_1$ digital superlattices, with Ln = lanthanide (or Y). We show that in this class of artificial materials constructed from Pnma perovskites, which are highly amenable to advanced oxide thin film growth techniques, octahedral rotations induce a spontaneous electrical polarization (consistent with the recently developed rules of Rondinelli and Fennie). Furthermore, this rotation pattern is shown to induce linear magnetoelectricity and weak-ferromagnetism, much like the recently discussed ‘327’ manganite Ruddlesden-Popper. In these ferrite superlattices, however, it is clear that both the ferroelectric and magnetic ordering temperatures should occur above room temperature. Finally we discuss how the ‘La/Ln’ cation radius mismatch controls the magnitudes of the induced polarization and magnetization, as well as the barrier to switch the polarization.

Saurabh Ghosh
Scholl of Applied and Engineering Physics, Cornell University

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