

Abstract Submitted  
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**Fluctuations of g factors of discrete levels in ferromagnetic nanoparticles**<sup>1</sup> DRAGOMIR DAVIDOVIC, WENCHAO JIANG, FELIPE TIJIWA BIRK<sup>2</sup>, PATRICK GARTLAND, School of Physics, Georgia Institute of Technology — It has been known that the interplay between electron-electron interactions and spin-orbit scattering can cause a wide distribution of g factors in tunneling spectra of metallic nanoparticles, including g-factors much larger than 2 if electron-electron interactions are strong. Here, we present our studies of single Co nanoparticles in Al/Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>/(Co nanoparticles)/Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>/Al tunnel junctions using electron tunneling spectroscopy at mK-temperatures. The g factor of discrete energy levels exhibits significant difference between minority-spin and majority-spin levels. We have clearly observed large g factors ( $\approx 6$ ) in one sample at magnetic field greater than 4T, suggesting  $\Delta S = 3/2$  in the tunneling transition,  $S$  is the magnitude of the spin. We will present the latest results on tunneling junctions containing Ni, Permalloy or Gd nanoparticles, which have weaker magnetic anisotropy fluctuations.

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