

Abstract Submitted  
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**Structural and vibrational properties of VO<sub>2</sub> from DFT and DFT+U calculations**<sup>1</sup> ERIC J. WALTER, HENRY KRAKAUER, TYLER J. HUFFMAN, PENG XU, M. M. QAZILBASH, College of William and Mary — Vanadium dioxide (VO<sub>2</sub>) undergoes a metal-insulator transition (MIT) at 340 K from a metallic, high-temperature rutile phase to a insulating, low-temperature monoclinic phase. In thin films, the extremely fast switching times ( $\simeq 100$  femtoseconds) of the MIT have led to many suggested device applications. Understanding the MIT driving mechanism and the long-debated importance of electronic correlation is important to these developments. We have computed the relaxed geometry and phonon frequencies using DFT and DFT+U for both phases of VO<sub>2</sub>. The dependence of vibrational mode frequencies and oscillator strengths on the Hubbard  $U$  parameter and their sensitivity to the Born effective charges in the insulating monoclinic phase will be reported. The calculated frequencies for  $U = 5$  eV are in good agreement with recent experimental infrared micro-spectroscopy measurements on single crystal platelets of VO<sub>2</sub><sup>2</sup>. Our results indicate that strong electron-electron correlation must be included to describe the vibrational properties.

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<sup>2</sup>T. J. Huffman et al., PRB, submitted.

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