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### **Spin-Orbit Coupling in Mott Insulators: Unusual Interactions and Possible Exotic Phases**

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Over the last few years, there has been an upsurge of interest in materials in which exotic states may emerge as the result of relativistic spin-orbit interactions. We will discuss insulating iridium oxides from this perspective. We show that the strong spin-orbit coupling, through the entanglement of spin and orbital spaces, leads to a variety of interesting Hamiltonians ranging from the Heisenberg model to the Kitaev or quantum compass models, for different lattice geometries [1]. Based on these effective Hamiltonians, we present a comprehensive theoretical study [1-3] of the rich phase behavior and dynamics observed in layered iridium oxides such as tetragonal  $\text{Sr}_2\text{IrO}_4$  and  $\text{Sr}_3\text{Ir}_2\text{O}_7$  and hexagonal  $A_2\text{IrO}_3$  ( $A=\text{Na}, \text{Li}$ ). We suggest that the hexagonal iridates might be close to the Kitaev spin-liquid state. We also discuss the layered tetragonal vanadate  $\text{Sr}_2\text{VO}_4$  and argue that magnetically-hidden octupolar order, driven by spin-orbit coupling, is realized in this compound [4].

[1] G. Jackeli and G. Khaliullin, Phys. Rev. Lett. **102**, 017205 (2009).

[2] J. Chaloupka, G. Jackeli, and G. Khaliullin, Phys. Rev. Lett. **105**, 027204 (2010).

[3] J. Chaloupka, G. Jackeli, and G. Khaliullin, arXiv:1209.5100.

[4] G. Jackeli and G. Khaliullin, Phys. Rev. Lett. **103**, 067205 (2009).