

Abstract Submitted
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Multiband, Strong coupling and Strong Correlations in $\text{Ba}_{1-x}\text{K}_x\text{Fe}_2\text{As}_2$ single crystals. Mind the (nodal) gap! FRÉDÉRIC HARDY, Karlsruher Institut für Technologie, IFP, 76021 Karlsruhe, Germany, DAI AOKI, CEA Grenoble, SPSMS-INAC, 38054 Grenoble, France, THOMAS WOLF, Karlsruher Institut für Technologie, IFP, 76021 Karlsruhe, Germany, CARLEY PAULSEN, Institut Néel, CNRS-MCBT and Université Joseph Fourier, 38042 Grenoble, France, ROBERT EDER, ANNA BÖHMER, ROLF HEID, Karlsruher Institut für Technologie, IFP, 76021 Karlsruhe, Germany, MARTIN JACKSON, Institut Néel, CNRS-MCBT and Université Joseph Fourier, 38042 Grenoble, France, ROBERT A. FISHER, Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory, Berkeley CA 94720, USA, CHRISTOPH MEINGAST, Karlsruher Institut für Technologie, IFP, 76021 Karlsruhe, Germany — We report an exhaustive thermodynamic study (heat capacity, magnetization, thermal expansion) of the normal- and superconducting-state properties of the entire $\text{Ba}_{1-x}\text{K}_x\text{Fe}_2\text{As}_2$ series. We show that strong correlations develop with increasing hole concentration indicating the possible proximity to an orbital-selective Mott transition predicted by theory. In the superconducting state, these single crystals exhibit strong multiband and paramagnetic effects and we give evidence of a strong-to-weak-coupling crossover that occur near the concentration where the electron sheets disappear. Our data show no evidence for a symmetry change, from s to d -wave, of the superconducting state. Dissimilarities with the $\text{Ba}(\text{Fe}_{1-x}\text{Co}_x)_2\text{As}_2$ series are emphasized.

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