

Abstract Submitted
for the MAR14 Meeting of
The American Physical Society

Quasiparticle Energies in Pristine and Oxygen Depleted MoO₃ for Pseudocapacitor Applications¹

KEITH RAY, University of California, Berkeley, HAO LIN, VIDVUDS OZOLINS, University of California, Los Angeles, MARK ASTA, University of California, Berkeley — Alpha-MoO₃ is a promising electrode material for pseudocapacitors, devices that store electrical energy faradaically, but feature fast reactions/intercalations enabling high power applications [1]. Electrical conductivity and optical properties in alpha-MoO₃ are strongly affected by defects, such as oxygen vacancies, which affect the electronic structure. Utilizing self-consistent GW calculations in the quasiparticle picture, along with G₀W₀ calculations with starting orbitals from HSE06 and DFT+U, we calculate the electronic structure of pristine and oxygen depleted alpha-MoO₃. We focus on the sensitivity of our results to the calculated description of the localized d-electron states and compare with band gap values determined by measurements on optical properties, electrical conductivity, and photoemission spectroscopy from the literature.

[1] T. Brezesinski, J. Wang, S. H. Tolbert and B. Dunn, Nature Materials 9, 146 (2010)

¹This research is supported by the Energy Frontier Research Center “Molecularly Engineered Energy Materials,” funded by the US Department of Energy, Office of Science, Office of Basic Energy Sciences under Award Number DE-SC0001342.

Keith Ray
University of California, Berkeley

Date submitted: 15 Nov 2013

Electronic form version 1.4