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The effects of surface polarity and dangling bonds on the electronic properties of MoS₂ on SiO₂¹ HA-JUN SUNG, DUK-HYUN CHOE, KEE JOO CHANG, Korea Adv Inst of Sci & Tech — MoS₂ has recently attracted much attention due to its intriguing physical phenomena and possible applications for the next generation electronic devices. In pristine monolayer MoS₂, strong spin-orbit coupling and inversion symmetry breaking allow for an effective coupling between the spin and valley degrees of freedom, inducing valley polarization at the K valleys. However, the spin-valley coupling disappears in bilayer MoS₂ because the inversion symmetry is restored. In this work, we investigate the effects of surface polarity and dangling bonds on the electronic properties of MoS₂ on α -quartz SiO₂ through first-principles calculations. In monolayer MoS₂, a transition can take place from the direct-gap to indirect-gap semiconductor in the presence of O dangling bonds. In bilayer MoS₂, O dangling bonds induce dipole fields across the interface and thus break the inversion symmetry, resulting in the valley polarization, similar to that of pristine monolayer MoS₂. Based on the results, we discuss the origin of the valley polarization observed in MoS₂ deposited on SiO₂

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