

Abstract Submitted
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Nodal and multi-gap superconductivity in $\text{Ta}_4\text{Pd}_3\text{Te}_{16}$ with weakly ferromagnetic normal state¹ GUANG-HAN CAO, WEN-HE JIAO, CHUN-MU FENG, ZHU-AN XU, Department of Physics, Zhejiang University, INSTITUTE OF CONDENSED MATTER PHYSICS TEAM — We recently discovered bulk superconductivity at $T_c = 4.6$ K in a transition metal telluride $\text{Ta}_4\text{Pd}_3\text{Te}_{16}$ [W. H. Jiao et al., J. Am. Chem. Soc. 136, 1284 (2014)]. This material has a layered structure with one-dimensional PdTe_2 chains. Significant electron correlations are indicated by the enhanced Sommerfeld coefficient. Here we report the measurements of magnetoresistance, Hall effect, magnetization and specific heat using high-quality crystals. Our results show that $\text{Ta}_4\text{Pd}_3\text{Te}_{16}$ is an anisotropic type-II superconductor. The anisotropy of upper critical fields $H_{c2}(T)$ is strongly T -dependent, resulted from the multi-band effect. The zero-field electronic specific heat $C_e(T)$ far below the T_c is found to be proportional to T^3 , suggestive of presence of point nodes in at least one of the superconducting gaps, which is further supported by a nonlinear ($\propto H^{1/2}$) field dependence of Sommerfeld coefficient in the mixed state. Notably, the material shows anisotropic weak-ferromagnetism above T_c , implying that spin-triplet superconductivity is likely in this material.

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