

Abstract Submitted
for the MAR15 Meeting of
The American Physical Society

Materials predicted to be topological insulators in hypothetical structures assumed by theorists might be trivial insulators in their stable phases¹ GIANCARLO TRIMARCHI, Northwestern U., Evanston, IL, XIUWEN ZHANG, ALEX ZUNGER, U. of Colorado, Boulder, CO — The quest for new topological insulators (TIs) has motivated numerous *ab initio* calculations of the topological metric Z_2 of candidate compounds in hypothetical crystal structures, or in assumed pressure or doping conditions. However, TI-ness might destabilize certain crystal structures that would be replaced by other structures, which might not be TIs. Here, we discuss such false-positive predictions recurrent in the *ab initio* search for new TIs: (i) Various ABX compounds, predicted to be TIs in the assumed ZrBeSi-type structure that turns out to be unstable, become trivial insulators in their stable structures. (ii) Band-inversion-inducing structure perturbations destabilize the system which is instead trivial at equilibrium: examples of this scenario are the cubic $A^{\text{III}}\text{BiO}_3$ perovskites that transform from topological to trivial when they relax to their equilibrium structures. (iii) Doping destabilizes the band-inverted system that relaxes to a trivial atomic configuration (orthorhombic band-inverted BaBiO_3 becomes trivial upon electron doping). This shows the need of performing total energy along with Z_2 calculations to predict stable TIs.

¹Work at CU, Boulder supported by the U.S. Department of Energy, Office of Science, Basic Energy Science, Materials Sciences and Engineering Division under Grant DE-FG02-13ER46959

Giancarlo Trimarchi
Northwestern Univ

Date submitted: 13 Nov 2014

Electronic form version 1.4