

Abstract Submitted
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kz Dependent Electronic Structure Studies of CaC₆ and Interlayer State Driven Superconductivity WONSHIK KYUNG, Yonsei Univ, YEONGKWAN KIM, Advanced light source, GARAM HAN, CHOONSHIK LEEM, CHUL KIM, YOONYOUNG KOH, BEOMYOUNG KIM, Yonsei Univ, YEONGWOOK KIM, JUNSUNG KIM, KEUNSU KIM, Postech, ELI ROTENBERG, JONATHAN DENLINGER, Advanced light source, CHANGYOUNG KIM, Yonsei Univ, YONSEI UNIVERSITY TEAM, POSTECH COLLABORATION, ADVANCED LIGHT SOURCE COLLABORATION — We performed angle-resolved photoemission experiments on CaC₆ and measured kz dependent electronic structures to investigate the interlayer states. The results reveal a spherical interlayer Fermi surface centered at the Γ point. We also find the graphene driven band possesses a weak kz dispersion. The overall electronic structure shows a peculiar single graphene layer periodicity in the kz direction although CaC₆ unit cell is supposed to contain three graphene layers. This suggests that c-axis ordering of Ca has little effect on the electronic structure of CaC₆. In addition to CaC₆, we also studied the non-superconducting BaC₆. For BaC₆, the graphene band Dirac point energy is smaller than that of CaC₆. Based on data from CaC₆ and BaC₆, we rule out Cxy phonon mode as the origin of the superconductivity in CaC₆, which strongly suggests interlayer state driven superconductivity.

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