

Abstract Submitted  
for the MAR15 Meeting of  
The American Physical Society

**Simulation of Planetary Formation using Python** JAMES BUFKIN, DAVID BIXLER, Angelo State university — A program to simulate planetary formation was developed in the Python programming language. The program consists of randomly placed and massed bodies surrounding a central massive object in order to approximate a protoplanetary disk. The orbits of these bodies are time-stepped, with accelerations, velocities and new positions calculated in each step. Bodies are allowed to merge if their disks intersect. Numerous parameters (orbital distance, masses, number of particles, etc.) were varied in order to optimize the program. The program uses an iterative difference equation approach to solve the equations of motion using a kinematic model. Conservation of energy and angular momentum are not specifically forced, but conservation of momentum is forced during the merging of bodies. The initial program was created in Visual Python (VPython) but the current intention is to allow for higher particle count and faster processing by utilizing PyOpenCL and PyOpenGL. Current results and progress will be reported.

James Bufkin  
Angelo State university

Date submitted: 14 Nov 2014

Electronic form version 1.4