

Abstract Submitted  
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**Divergence of the Long Wavelength Collective Diffusion Coefficient in Quasi-one and Quasi-two Dimensional Colloid Suspensions**<sup>1</sup> BINHUA LIN, University of Chicago, BIANXIAO CUI, Stanford University, XINLIANG XU, MIT, RONEN ZANGI, Basque Foundation for Science, Spain, HAIM DIAMANT, Tel Aviv University, STUART A. RICE, University of Chicago — We report the results of experimental studies of the short time-long wavelength behavior of collective particle displacements in q1D and q2D colloid suspensions. Our results are reported via the  $q \rightarrow 0$  behavior of the hydrodynamic function  $H(q)$  that relates the effective collective diffusion coefficient,  $D_e(q)$ , with the static structure factor  $S(q)$  and the self-diffusion coefficient of isolated particles  $D_o$ :  $H(q)D_e(q)S(q)/D_o$ . We find an apparent divergence of  $H(q)$  as  $q \rightarrow 0$  with the form  $H(q)q^{-\gamma}$  ( $1.7 < \gamma < 1.9$ ), for both q1D and q2D colloid suspensions. Given that  $S(q)$  does not diverge as we infer that  $D_e(q)$  does. This behavior is qualitatively different from that of the three-dimensional  $H(q)$  and  $D_e(q)$  as  $q \rightarrow 0$ , and the divergence is of a different functional form from that predicted for the diffusion coefficient in one component 1D and 2D fluids not subject to boundary conditions that define the dimensionality of the system.

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