

Abstract Submitted  
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**Quantum criticality in single crystalline YFe<sub>2</sub>Al<sub>10</sub> determined from zero-field and longitudinal-field muon spin relaxation**<sup>1</sup> KEVIN HUANG, CHENG TAN, JIAN ZHANG, ZHAOFENG DING, Department of Physics, Fudan University, DOUGLAS MACLAUGHLIN, Department of Physics, UC Riverside, OSCAR BERNAL, Department of Physics, CSU Los Angeles, PEI-CHUN HO, Department of Physics, CSU Fresno, LIUSUO WU, MEIGAN ARONSON, Department of Physics, Stony Brook University, LEI SHU, Department of Physics, Fudan University — Muon spin relaxation ( $\mu$ SR) measurements were performed on single crystalline YFe<sub>2</sub>Al<sub>10</sub> down to 19 mK and in magnetic fields up to  $\sim 100$  Oe. Zero-field- $\mu$ SR measurements showed no evidence of magnetic order down to 19 mK, consistent with previous measurements. However, we also find that the depolarization rate  $\Lambda$  is temperature independent above 1 K but increases in an exponential behavior for  $T < 1$  K. Longitudinal-field  $\mu$ SR measurements also reveals a time-field scaling where  $G(t, H) = G(t/H^\gamma)$ , with  $\gamma = 0.67$ . This is further confirmed from the magnetic field dependence of  $\Lambda$ , which finds  $\Lambda(H) \propto H^{0.67}$  at 19 mK. This is further evidence that single crystalline YFe<sub>2</sub>Al<sub>10</sub> is in close proximity to a ferromagnetic quantum critical point.

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Kevin Huang  
Department of Physics, Fudan University

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